IT Automation with Puppet

Romain Tartière < romain@FreeBSD.org>





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Romain Tartière

FreeBSD user since 2002 (I guess... FreeBSD 5.0-BETA1) FreeBSD developer since 2010 (romain@)

Was a Systems Administrator for HeathGrid working on EGI (European Grid Infrastructure)

Discovered Puppet at that time (~10 years ago... 0.25 -> 2.6)



Agenda

- Understanding how Puppet works
- Puppet from Zero to Hero
 - Installing
 - Managing Code
 - Organizing Code
 - ▶ Hiera
 - Custom Facts
 - PuppetDB
 - Orchestration

As soon as something is unclear, raise your hand!



Why would you use Puppet?

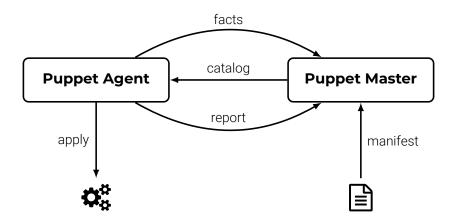
Automation!

Why automate?

- Consistency
- Predictability
- ► Reliability
- Speed



The Big Picture





Declaring resources

```
user { 'romain':
   ensure => present,
   comment => '& Tartiere',
   shell => '/usr/local/bin/zsh',
}
```



Variables

```
motd = Q("EOT")
  This is $\{facts['networking']['fqdn']\},
  running ${facts['os']['family']} ${facts['os']['architecture']}
  I EOT
file { '/etc/motd':
  ensure => file,
  owner => 'root',
  group => 'wheel',
  content => $motd,
```



Facts

```
Facts are collected by facter(1).
```

```
# facter
[\ldots]
os => {
  architecture => "amd64",
  family => "FreeBSD",
  hardware => "amd64",
  name => "FreeBSD",
  release => {
    full => "11.1-RELEASE-p10",
    major => "11",
    minor => "1-RELEASE-p10"
```



Conditionals & functions

```
if versioncmp($foo_version, '1.0') >= 0 {
  service { 'foo':
    ensure => running,
    enable => true,
$users = ['foo', 'bar', 'baz']
$users.each |$user| {
  file { "/home/${user}/.foorc":
    ensure => file,
    owner => $user,
    group => $user,
```



Classes

```
class foo {
  package { 'foo':
    ensure => installed,
  service { 'foo':
    ensure => running,
    enable => true,
  Package['foo'] -> Service['foo']
include foo
require foo
contain foo
class { 'foo': }
```



Defined classes

```
define root_file (
  String $text,
) {
 file { "/${title}":
    ensure => file,
    content => $text,
root_file { 'LICENSE':
 text => "BSD 2 clauses\n",
root_file { 'SYSADMINS':
 text => "romain\n",
```



Node dependent resources

```
node 'foo.example.com' {
  file { '/usr/bin/rsh':
    ensure => absent,
node /^foo-/ {
  include foo
}
node default {
  service { 'puppet':
    enable => true,
```



Modules

Adding some abstraction

Wrap all resources to manage something (e.g. apache, postgresql)

Abstracts OS-specific information, e.g.

- Service names;
- Package names;
- Configuration file paths;
- ▶ ..



The Forge

Where to find modules

https://forge.puppet.com

Central repository for modules

5600+ modules available

430+ modules for managing ssh

Some authors do not publish their modules on the forge...



Installing Puppet Agent

- # pkg install puppet5
- # puppet resource service puppet ensure=running enable=true



Installing Puppet Master

- # pkg install puppetserver5
- # puppet resource service puppetserver ensure=running enable=true

Hint: You may want to adjust puppetserver_login_class in /etc/rc.conf



Getting started

The first steps

Put your manifest files (*.pp) under /usr/local/etc/puppet/environments/production/manifests/

Discover the Puppet language; experiment with modules

Hints:

- start with something you master
- ▶ start with something that applies to all your nodes (ssh, logging, monitoring, ...)
- stop as soon as you start to copy-paste code



Control repo

Manifests are code

Manifests are code is managed with a VCS

Template: https://github.com/puppetlabs/control-repo/

git branch ← Puppet environment

Default branch: production



Control repo Deployment with R10K

https://github.com/puppetlabs/r10k

Extracts each branch of the control repo in a separate directory

r10k deploy environment production -vp
puppet generate types --environment production

Hint: implement a *post-receive* hook



Overview

role::website	role::app	role::appapi	role::loadbalancer
profile::appli	profile::database	profile::webserver	profile::openssh
profile::logserver	profile::logclient	profile::	
apache	bacula	postgresql	ntp
riemann	haproxy	ssh	
package	file	user	group
exec	sshkey	service	

Nodes

```
Find me in manifests/*.pp
node 'ns48724.example.com' {
  include role::website
node 'ns38711.example.com' {
  include role::product
node default {
  include role::base
```



Roles

```
Find me in site/role/manifests/*.pp
class role::base {
  include profile::openssh
  include profile::syslog
class role::website inherits role::base {
  include profile::webserver
  include profile::example com website
class role::product inherits role::base {
  include profile::database
  include profile::product_runner
```



Profiles

```
Find me in site/profile/manifests/*.pp
class profile::webserver {
 class { 'apache':
    default_vhost => false,
    default_mods => false,
   mpm_module => 'event',
   server_tokens => 'Prod',
 class { 'apache::mod::ssl':
    ssl cipher => 'HIGH:!aNULL:!MD5:!RC4',
   ssl_protocol => ['all', '-SSLv2', '-SSLv3', '-TLSv1', '-TLSv1.1'],
```

Interlude

include vs. resource-style declaration

```
include apache

class { 'apache':
    mpm_module => 'event',
    server_tokens => 'Prod',
}
include apache

class { 'apache':
    mpm_module => 'prefork',
    server_tokens => 'Full',
}
```



Profiles with parameters

```
class profile::mailserver (
  Enum['relayhost', 'smarthost'] $configuration = 'smarthost',
) {
  $listen address = $configuration ? {
    'relayhost' => ['::1', '127.0.0.1'],
    'smarthost' => ['::', '0.0.0.0'],
  class { 'postfix':
    listen => $listen_address,
   # ...
```

...while talking about patterns



Think *Facade* and *Adapter* design patterns

A facade is used when a simple interface to a complex or difficult to understand system is desired.

Interfaces may be incompatible, but the inner functionnality should suit the need. The adapter design pattern allows otherwise incompatible classes to work together by converting the interface of one class into an interface expected by the the client.



Roles and Profiles Summary

Nodes

► include a single role

Roles

- include any number of profiles
- are named after business names

Profiles

- declare actual resources
- are named after technology stack



Hiera

Used for Automatic Parameter Lookup

Configured in hiera.yaml and data/**/*.yaml

alpha	beta	gamma	delta		
dc1			dc2		
n/a					

nodes/%{facts.hostname}.yaml
dc/%{facts.datacenter}.yaml
common.yaml

profile::mailserver::configuration: 'relayhost'



Helps classification

Room number (e.g. B21)

Encodes:

- Building (first letter)
- ► Floor (first digit)
- Actual number of the room (last digit)

Can be static or dynamically inferred from:

- ► hostname (e.g. *b21-02*)
- ▶ ipaddress (e.g. each room has it's own IPv4 /24)



Structured Data Facts

Can be set in /usr/local/etc/facter/facts.d/room.yaml:

room: B21
building: B
floor: 2

room_number: 1



Dynamic Facts

Usually set in a module in <module>/lib/facter/room.rb:

```
Facter.add(:room) do
  setcode do
    if Facter.value('hostname').match(/\A([a-c]\d\d)-\d+\z/)
      $1.upcase
    end
  end
end
Facter.add(:building) do
  setcode do
    if room = Facter.value('room')
      room[0]
    fi
  end
end
```

External Facts

Usually set in a module in <module>/facts.d/room:

```
#!/bin/sh
room=$(hostname | sed -o '^...' | tr 'a-z' 'A-Z')
set -- $(echo $room | sed -e 's/\(.\)/\1 /g')

cat <<EOT
room=$room
building=$1
floor=$2
room_number=$3
EOT</pre>
```



PuppetDB

Put Your Data to Work

Stores:

- Facts
- Catalogs
- Reports

Puppet Query Language

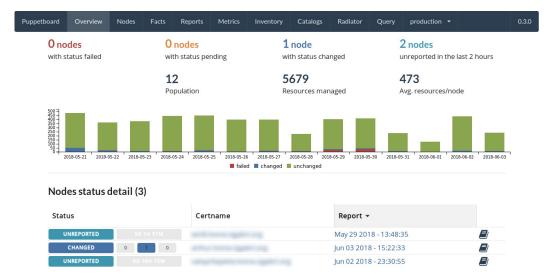
Allows exporting resources when configuring a node and collecting them on another node

Use cases: ssh keys fingerprints, backups, ...



PuppetDB

Puppetboard



Orchestration

Configuration Management vs. Orchestration

The Marionette Collective

- ► A lot of options to choose from
- Usability depends on your choices
- Security depends on your choices

Choria

- Secure by default
- ► Easy to maintain
- Production ready



Choria

Work In Progress Ports

```
Get the WIP sysutils/choria port: https://github.com/smortex/puppet5/
```

For assistance: #choria channel on puppetcommunity slack https://puppetcommunity.slack.com/messages/C9KFTKRU3/



Jumping in!

```
Try it!
https://wiki.freebsd.org/Puppet/GettingStarted
```

Report success & failures to puppet@

For assistance: #freebsd channel on puppetcommunity slack https://puppetcommunity.slack.com/messages/C6CKOUGB1/

As usual, Problem Reports are welcome!



Contributing with upstream

```
Most projects are public on GitHub:
```

```
https://github.com/puppetlabs/
```

You'll have to sign a Contributor License Agreement (CLA)

You'll also need a Jira Account on

https://tickets.puppetlabs.com/

Pull-Requests are merged



Thanks!

